Lehigh Valley Passenger Rail Feasibility Study

Stakeholder Coordination Meeting March 27th, 2023





Agenda



2 Study Findings

Project Development Process

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Discussion

Project Purpose

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Purpose of the Study

- 2021 "Amtrak Connects US" vision plan identified service from Allentown to NYC
- Establish framework to discuss passenger rail restoration opportunities and challenges in the Lehigh Valley
- Provide a comparative assessment of corridors and service alternatives
- Lay out pathway to implementation for potential project sponsor





Study Findings

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Market Pairs

Lehigh Valley to Newark/New York

Lehigh Valley to Philadelphia

Lehigh Valley to Reading

Candidate Corridors







Corridor Characteristics

- Rail Conditions
 - Track
 - Structures
- ROW Conditions
- Operations
- Environmental Screening



Infrastructure and Operations

- Infrastructure
 - Making maximum use of existing railroad rights-of-way
 - Reactivation of abandoned rail infrastructure
 - In some locations, construction of new railroad rights-of-way may be needed
 - All rights-of-way used would need new signaling, station, siding infrastructure
- Operational Conflicts with Freight Railroads
 - o Contending with freight train traffic both on main lines and in yards
 - Bethlehem is a particularly difficult area for passenger trains to interface with freight trains

- Operations
 - Run-time to:
 - New York
 - Philadelphia
 - Reading

Environmental Screening





Philadelphia via Lansdale

- Allentown to New York via Hackettstown
- Allentown to New York via High Bridge
- Allentown to Philadelphia via Lansdale
- Allentown to
 Philadelphia
 via Norristown
- Allentown to **Reading**



2.5

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Rail Connections



Service Alternatives - Comparison

Market Area	Alignment	Estimated Costs (in million \$)		Environmental Constraints	Flagged Constraints	Travel Time	
Served		Capital	Rolling Stock	Operation (Yearly)			
To New York via Hackettstown	Allentown Hackettstown	\$474,909,110	\$145,018,585	\$23,564,400 – \$28,776,600	 Historic properties and preserved farmlands are located along the route 	Operations over freight lines	2 hours, 30 mins
To New York via High Bridge	Allentown High Bridge	\$469,923,680	\$145,018,585	\$16,471,500 – \$20,114,800	 Historic properties and preserved farmlands are located along the route Contaminated site along route 	Operations over freight lines	2 hours, 20 mins
To Philadelphia via Lansdale	Allentown	\$635,811,084	\$102,016,680	\$5,132,200 – \$10,186,900	 Historic properties are located along the route 	Operations over freight lines, Portions of route have been converted to rail-trail	1 hour, 46 mins
To Philadelphia via Norristown	Allentown	\$739,026,613	\$102,016,680	\$5,451,200 – \$10,820,000	 Historic properties are located along the route Contaminated site along route 	Operations over freight lines, Portions of route have been converted to rail-trail	1 hour, 52 mins
To Reading	Allentown	\$450,325,639	\$102,016,680	\$2,174,700 – \$4,316,500	 Historic properties and preserved farmlands are located along the route Potential reconstruction of a creek crossing 	Operations over freight lines	46 mins



Allentown to New York **via** Hackettstown



Advantages

- Entirely utilizes active rail corridors
- Minimize the need to operate Norfolk Southern by utilizing Dover & Delaware River Railroad
- Class 1 freight rail infrastructure in place over Norfolk Southern segment – passenger service upgrades needed

Concerns

- High Bridge route is more direct than Hackettstown to New York
- Operations over Norfolk
 Southern may affect Lehigh
 Valley and Port of NY/NJ supply
 chain
- Uncertain surplus capacity on NJT and Amtrak lines east of Hackettstown
- NJ portion adds complexity, requiring careful coordination





Estimated Capital Costs 474.9 M Rolling Stock: 145.0 M





Allentown to New York **via High** Bridge



Advantages

- Most direct route to New York
 City from Allentown
- Class 1 freight rail infrastructure largely in place over Norfolk Southern segment – passenger service upgrades needed

Concerns

- Operations over Norfolk
 Southern may affect Lehigh
 Valley and Port of NY/NJ supply
 chain
- Uncertain surplus capacity on NJT and Amtrak lines east of High Bridge
- NJ portion adds complexity, requiring careful coordination





Estimated Capital Costs 469.9 M Rolling Stock: 145.0 M





Allentown to Philadelphia **via Lansdale**



Advantages

 Most direct route to Philadelphia, utilizing in-service rail corridors

Concerns

- Operations over Norfolk
 Southern may affect Lehigh
 Valley and Port of NY/NJ supply chain
- Unclear optimal routing in Bethlehem
- 12 miles converted to rail trails
- SEPTA conflicts south of Lansdale
- Dual-mode (diesel/electric) restrictions in Philadelphia tunnel

Estimated Trip Duration **1:46**



Estimated Capital Costs 635.8 M Rolling Stock: 102.0 M





AVSD

Allentown to Philadelphia via Norristown



Advantages

 Can provide a diesel-only route to 30th Street Station in Philadelphia

Concerns

- Operations over Norfolk
 Southern may affect Lehigh
 Valley and Port of NY/NJ supply
 chain
- Unclear optimal routing in Bethlehem
- 12 miles converted to rail trails
- Conflicts with SEPTA
 Norristown Line

Estimated Trip Duration **1:52**



Estimated Capital Costs 739.0 M Rolling Stock: 102.0 M

> Estimated Annual Operating Costs 5.5 – 10.8 M



Allentown to Reading



Advantages

- Lowest operating costs of all rail alternatives
- Class 1 freight rail infrastructure largely in place – passenger service upgrades needed

Concerns

- Operations over Norfolk Southern may affect Lehigh Valley and Port of NY/NJ supply chain
- Schuylkill River Passenger Rail Authority rail connection to Philadelphia proposed – no yet certain
- Reading may not have the same travel demand characteristics of New York and Philadelphia



Estimated Trip Duration 0:46



Estimated Capital Costs **450.3 M** Rolling Stock: 102.0 M



2.2 – 4.3 M





Cost Methodology

Capital Cost

- Planning-level costs to allow for comparative assessment
- Includes infrastructure costs for new track alignments, earthwork, flyovers, and stations
- Includes rolling stock procurement cost
- ROW acquisition would add approximately \$0.5M-\$1M, depending on the service alternative





Cost Methodology

Operations Cost

- Based on hypothetical, conceptual operating plans
- Ongoing, annual costs
- Only includes train-related expenses; does not include the cost of operating and maintaining stations
- No coordination with other rail providers or freight railroads





Operations, Approvals, and Funding

Requirements for service

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- Identify project sponsor and operator/creation of authority
- Enter into agreement with freight railroad(s) to allow service in privatelyowned ROW
- Establish model for operations
- Acquire ROW in locations where corridor is not currently used by or available for rail service
- Sources of capital and operating funding



Project Development Process

Lehigh Valley Rail Study



